

LEDGER LINES IN THE TREBLE CLEF

Music can use notes above and below the staff by adding short lines for these notes and putting notes in the spaces between these extra lines. The extra lines added for these notes are called **ledger lines**.

The names of these notes continue the alphabetical pattern of the staff.

Look at the first note on each staff below and think of its name. Go forward or backward in the alphabet to name the rest of the notes. Print the letter name of each note on the line under it.

Look at the first note on each staff and think of its name. Go forward or backward in the alphabet to name the rest of the notes.

Now finish the page.

UNDERSTANDING OCTAVES TREBLE CLEF

The two notes shown below have the same letter name but are located in different places on the staff. The musical distance between these two notes is measured by counting every line and space from one note to the other, including the line and space used by the actual notes.

Pitches that are 8 staff degrees apart are called an **octave**.

The distance of an octave can be measured in either direction.

OCTAVES IN THE TREBLE CLEF

One note of the octave is on a line and the other one is in a space.

GRAND REVIEW: NOTES IN THE TREBLE CLEF